

The structure and interpretation of two types of nominal coordinations in Korean

The status of different types of strings that seem to instantiate nominal coordination in Korean is controversial. Yoon and Lee (2005) argued that the string with case-marker on right edge (Type A; (1a)) is a constituent DP coordination while that where case-markers occur on both DPs (Type B; (1b)) is derived by ellipsis from a conjoined clausal structure. They argued for the ellipsis analysis of Type B coordination based on distributional and interpretive differences between the two patterns. Crucially, Type B coordination fails DP constituency tests (e.g., cleft), while Type A coordination does not. By contrast, Cho (2008), following earlier researchers (Cho and Morgan 1986; Yu-Cho and Sells 1995), takes both types to instantiate constituent DP coordination, capitalizing on interpretive evidence that is problematic to an ellipsis analysis of Type B noted by Yoon and Lee (2005), such as collectiB50912 31 0 0 1 21 0 0 1 402.

