

Math 440: Galois Theory

Galois theory is the study of numbers and equations from the perspective of symmetry. Here's an example: take any algebraic equation involving rational numbers and $\sqrt{2}$, like

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2+1}} + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2+2}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}}:$$

If you replace every instance of $\sqrt{2}$ by $-\sqrt{2}$, the equation remains true! Check for yourself,

$$-\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2+1}} + -\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2+2}} = -\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}}:$$